How and Why to use the ArcPy module instead of ArcMap

Clay Barrett September 22, 2015





Overview

- Who am I?
- What is Python?
- What is ArcPy?
- Why use it?
- How to use it



Clay Barrett

- OSU Cartography Services
 - GIS Technician
 - AAPG Mapping Projects
- Master of Science
 - Geography May 2015
 - Remote Sensing of Water Quality in Eastern Oklahoma



Apparent Reflectance Tool

- Success?!
 - Elapsed Time: 0 seconds
 - No output generated



Thesis Data Processing

- 10 years of Landsat Images
 - 1,000 files
- 7 images per file (at least)
 - 7,000 images
- Clipped, Masked for water and cloud, and then converted
 - 28,000 images
- Sample 9 pixels per sample site (4-9)
 - 1,750,000 pixels to sample



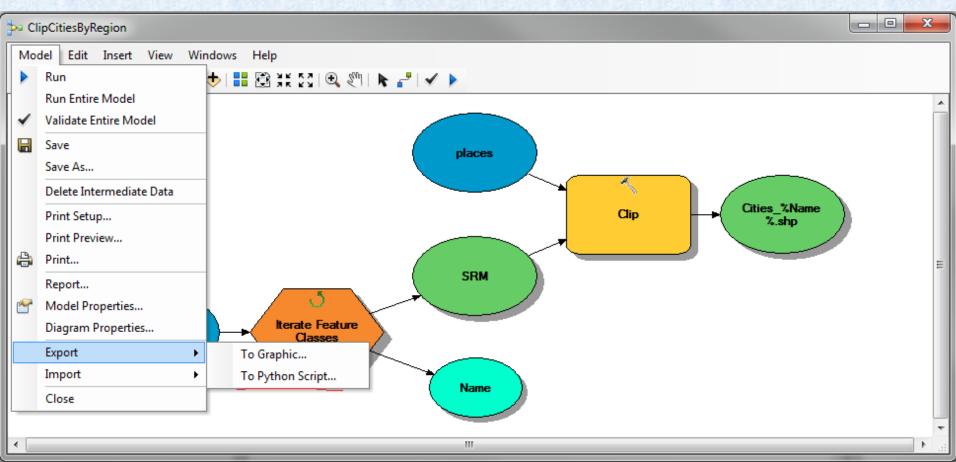
There's got to be a better way!

- 28,000 image manipulations
 - Not feasible to do by hand
 - ModelBuilder can help with a single operation, but not manage file manipulations between operations
- Decided to use Python
 - Process images
 - File operations
 - Summarize data across file types (dbf, csv, xcl, tif)
- How hard could it be?

•
$$P_{\lambda} = \frac{\pi (L_{\lambda} - L_{haze}) d^2}{ESUN_{\lambda} \cos(\pi / 180 \theta_s)}$$



Python



- CONTOUPPORTS FYTHOU USE III AICWAP
 - Since 9
 - Default from 10.0



ArcPy

- A Custom Python Build with access to all ArcMap's functions
 - (Almost) Everything you can do in ArcMap can be called from a script
 - Arrived with 10.0
- Benefits
 - Better user control
 - Code is reusable
 - Faster than operations in ArcMap



ArcPy: User Control

- Success?!
 - Sometimes the Results information
- Error 99999
 - No useful information
- Append [100820_09162015] Output Features: Major_Road_TX Inputs Environments Messages Executing: Append MoreMajorRds Roads\Major_Road_TX TEST # # Start Time: Wed Sep 16 10:08:20 2015 ERROR 000466: MoreMajorRds does not match the schema of target R Failed to execute (Append). Failed at Wed Sep 16 10:08:20 2015 (Elapsed Time: 0.30 seconds) Append [100309_09162015] Append [100213_09162015]
- Good error codes Python
 - Print is your frie test result: [(u'Crosby', u'ND', 1)]
 - Analyze every steval row: [u'Crosby', u'ND', 1]

```
*** Remote Interpreter Reinitialized
                                      found: NGP_City.csv
• Sometimes you ofield names [u'OBJECTID', u'Shape', u'NAME', u'CLASS', u'ST', u'STFIPS', u'Pl
                                      SR Display already present in X:\
                                      ['City', 'State']
                                       test result: []
                                       ['City', 'State'] not found in city layer
                                      eval row: [u'Crosby', u'MN', 1]
                                      wrong state
                                      toggled (u'Crosby', u'ND', 1) to ON
```



ArcPy: Code Reuse

```
1 Python 2.7.9 (default, Dec 10 2014, 12:28:03) [MSC v.1500 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
2 Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
3 >>> 2 +2
4 4
5 >>> test = 'abcdefgh'
6 >>> test[1:4]
7 'bcd'
8 >>>
9 |
```

1 arcpy.Clip management(in, out)

- Not IDLE
 - Does not connect to Arcpy
 - Not suited to exporting code blocks
- Not the Python window
 - Copy/Paste not suited to export
 - Save As instead
- Use an IDE
 - Integrated Development Environment
 - Designed to make coding easier
 - Like PyScripter (better coding tool)
 - Or PythonWin (arcpy autocomplete built-in)



ArcPy: Faster

- Non Graphical Interface
 - No GUI
 - No graphics
 - No load time
- No linked resources
- Still does require accessing the license manager



ArcPy: Drawbacks

- DIY
 - Can't be afraid to code, make mistakes, and learn new things
- Requires a bit of setting up to be efficient
- Still tied to ArcMap license
- Loss of autocomplete?
 - Direct use of layers is not reusable
 - ESRI docs contain the same information
 - Other online resources provide more help



Suitable Tasks

- Every Repetitive Task
 - Iterating through features
 - Clipping features to a Region of Interest
 - Creating new fields in attribute tables
 - Evaluating values in an attribute table
 - Moving/unpacking files
- The more you use it
 - The more you want to use it

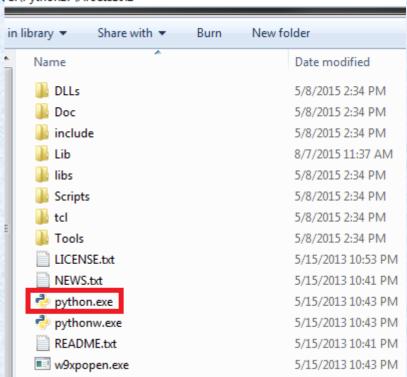


How to ArcPy

• Python install not requir (C:\Python27\ArcGIS10.2)

• but if you do, pick 2.7

ArcMap already installs
 ArcPy in the default
 Python directory

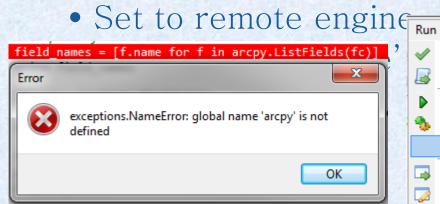


• C:₩Python27₩ArcGIS10.2₩python.exe

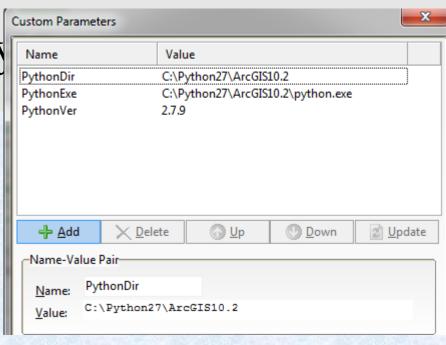


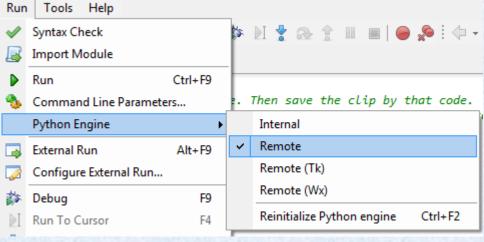
How to ArcPy

- Get an IDE
 - Install PyScripter
 - Run PyScripter 2.7
 - Set parameters
 - Tools/Options/Custom Parameters



Run the code







Pitfalls

- Syntax syntax syntax
- Software and human readable paths are not the same

```
a = r'C:\Users\barretd\Desktop\FIPS List.csv'
b = 'C:\Users\barretd\Desktop\FIPS List.csv'
c = 'C:\\Users\\barretd\\Desktop\\FIPS List.csv'

print a
print b
print c
*** Remote Interpreter Reinitialized ***

>>>
C:\Users\\barretd\Desktop\FIPS List.csv
C:\Users\\barretd\Desktop\FIPS List.csv
C:\Users\\barretd\Desktop\FIPS List.csv
C:\Users\\barretd\Desktop\FIPS List.csv
```

- Locks on GDB still matter
 - Cannot work in ArcMap on GDB while running scripts on it
 - You can have Catalog open to get file names, paths easily



- Print statements are your friend
 - The most basic form is <print i> where i is your variable

```
i = 'OKSCAUG'

print i

print 'var:', i

print 'Variable ({}) is type ({})'.format(i, type(i))

print 'Variable ({}) is {} characters long'.format(i.lower(), len(i))

print 'Variable ({}) as unicode: {}'.format(i.capitalize(), unicode(i))

OKSCAUG

var: OKSCAUG

Variable (OKSCAUG) is type (<type 'str'>)

Variable (okscaug) is 7 characters long

Variable (Okscaug) as unicode: OKSCAUG
```



Tips

```
# Setup Logger
logger = logging.getLogger(os.path.basename( file ))
                                                                              ogger
logger.setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
formatter = logging.Formatter('%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s');')
format2 = logging.Formatter('%(levelname)s - %(message)s')
# Logging to file
fh = logging.FileHandler(log location)
fh.setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
fh.setFormatter(formatter)
logger.addHan 2015-03-29 04:35:31,766 - CorrectClips64.py - WARNING - image c_LE70260352004076EDC03_B6_VCID_2.T
           2015-03-29 04:35:31,769 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - reading F:\py\Processed\AJ02\c_LE7026035200
# Logging to 2015-03-29 04:35:31,954 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - nd_check = 1
ch = logging.2015-03-29 04:35:31,957 - CorrectClips64.py - WARNING - image c_LE70260352004076EDC03_B7.TIF is a
ch.setLevel(12015-03-29 04:35:31,960 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - corrected scene list 2: []
ch.setFormatt 2015-03-29 04:35:31,960 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - No corrected scenes to process: []
logger.addHan 2015-03-29 04:35:31,961 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - scenes_in_dir BA02 len & list: 8 ['c_LE7026
           2015-03-29 04:35:31,961 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - scene_key set(['LE70260352004076EDC03'])
logger debug(2015-03-29 04:35:31,961 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - scene parameters {'qc_lmin': {'B4': 1.0, 'B
           2015-03-29 04:35:31,961 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - reading F:\py\Processed\BA02\c_LE7026035200
           2015-03-29 04:35:32,275 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - INFO - Initializing calc_radiance
           2015-03-29 04:35:32,276 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - DEBUG - with 191.67-6.2 255.0/1.0 F:\
           2015-03-29 04:35:32,302 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - DEBUG - output name: F:\py\Processed\
           2015-03-29 04:35:32,313 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - DEBUG - saving output as: F:\py\Proce
           2015-03-29 04:35:34,009 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - DNMin is 0 (preset)
           2015-03-29 04:35:34,009 - CorrectClips64.py.get_ESUN - INFO - Initializing get_ESUN
           2015-03-29 04:35:34,016 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_reflectance - INFO - Initializing calc_reflectan
           2015-03-29 04:35:34,016 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_reflectance - DEBUG - with: 0.99501 1997 45.5075
           2015-03-29 04:35:34,849 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_reflectance - DEBUG - saved: F:\py\Processed\BAO
           2015-03-29 04:35:34,854 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - reading F:\py\Processed\BA02\c_LE7026035200
           2015-03-29 04:35:35,158 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - nd_check = 0
           2015-03-29 04:35:35,160 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - INFO - Initializing calc_radiance
           2015-03-29 04:35:35,161 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - DEBUG - with 196.5/-6.4 255.0/1.0 F:\
           2015-03-29 04:35:35,186 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - DEBUG - output name: F:\py\Processed\
           2015-03-29 04:35:35,194 - CorrectClips64.py.calc_radiance - DEBUG - saving output as: F:\py\Proce
           2015-03-29 04:35:35,786 - CorrectClips64.py - DEBUG - DNMin is 0 (preset)
```



Resources

- Learning Python/Coding
 - CodeAcademy.com
 - LearnPython.org
 - TutorialsPoint.com/python/
- Books
 - Grab them all
 - Find an author you enjoy
 - Use to understand the concepts, not get code from



Resources

- Model Builder
 - Watch out for export issues
- ArcGIS help pages
 - Explains it more thoroughly
 - In another, resizable window
 - Contains code sample you can use to jumpstart
- StackOverflow.com and GIS.StackExchange.com
 - Real answers to real questions
 - Provide the context that the help pages often lack
- OKGIS listserv



Conclusion

- Python is fun
- ArcPy is handy
- Learn a bit now
- Save a lot of time and effort later

Questions?

