

# Risk Assessment Toolbox

## A Custom ArcGIS Toolbox for Wastewater Asset Management

Case Study: SJRA, The Woodlands, TX



Matt Stahl, EIT

Conducted with John D'Antoni, PE and Umer Khan, EIT

Alan Plummer Associates, Inc.

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# Agenda

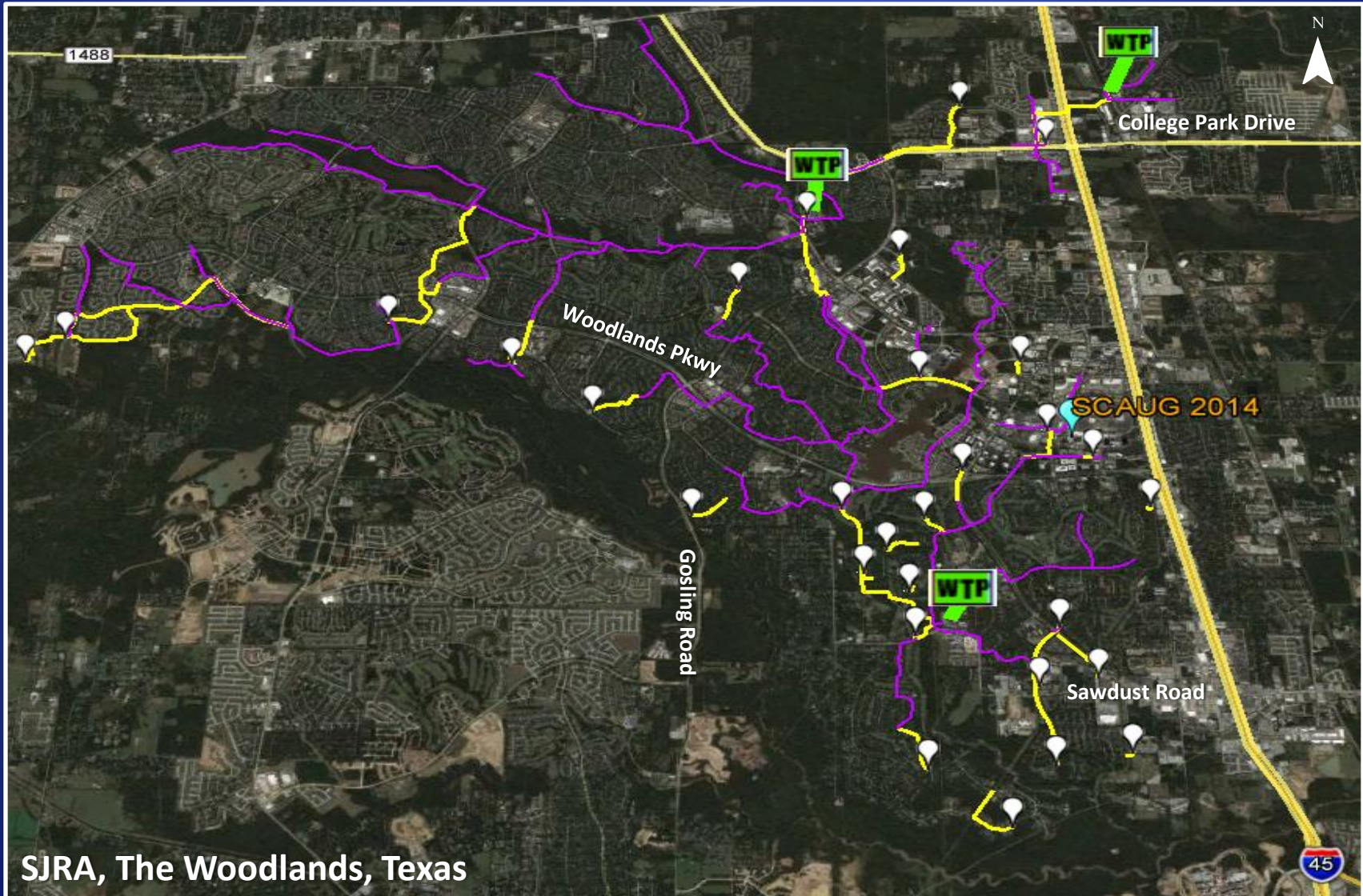
- Project Description
- Challenges and Requirements
- Tool Features
- Technical and Python Highlights
- Future Development

# Project Description

- Project: Perform a business risk assessment of the SJRA, Woodlands wastewater collection and treatment system.

Asset Group	# Individual Assets	# Grouped Assets
Gravity Mains	1,128	75
Force Mains	33	33
Lift Stations	760	128
Treatment Plants	1,020	15

# Project Description



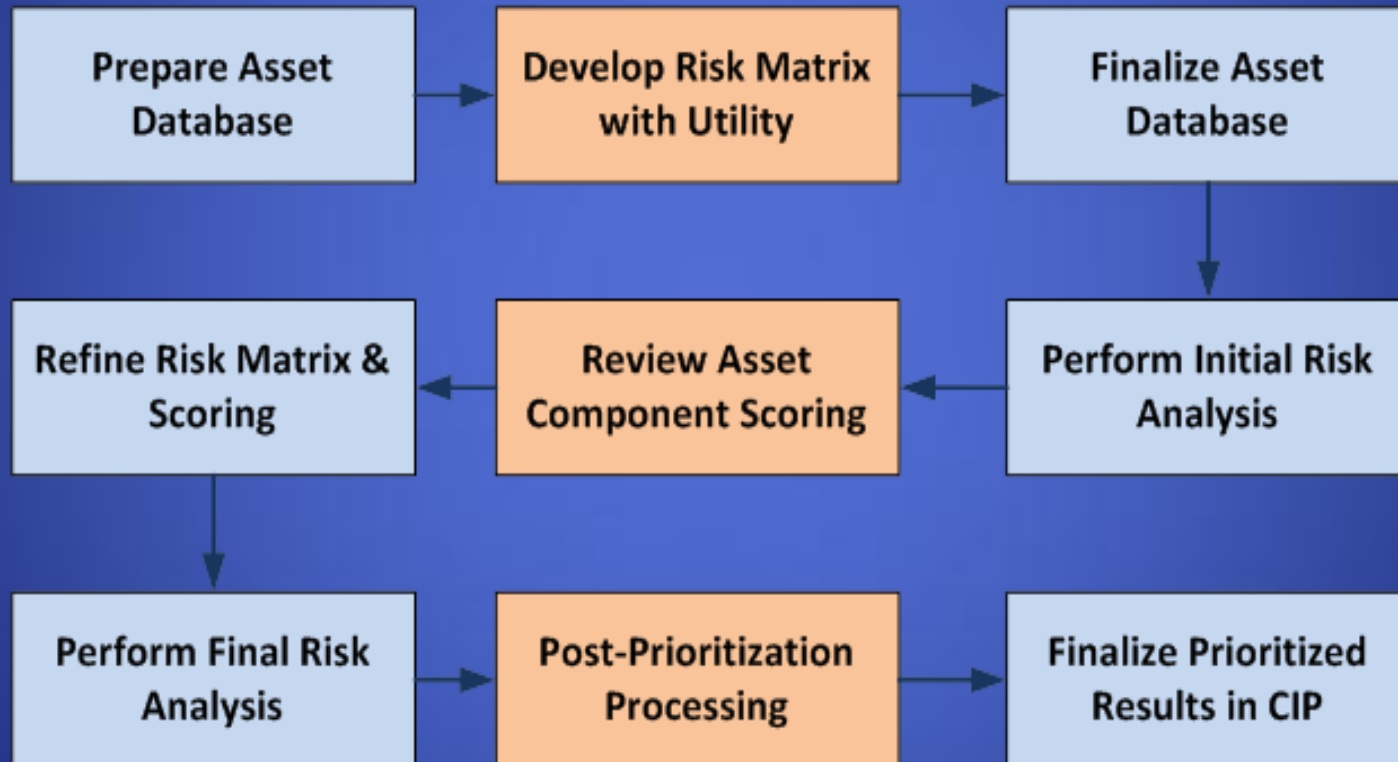
# Project Description

- Scoring: Custom risk assessment criteria and scoring were developed for each asset in the system.
  - Likelihood of Failure (LOF)
  - Consequence of Failure (COF)
  - Risk of Asset Failure (ROF)
- Prioritization: ROF scores prioritized individual assets for rehabilitation in SJRA's 5 year and 10 year capital improvement plan (CIP) and to manage future asset renewal priorities.



# Project Description

- 9 Steps to a Business Risk Assessment



# Project Description

- Definitions
  - **LOF**: Likelihood that an asset will fail to meet its intended use requirements.
  - **COF**: Consequence and/or severity of an asset failing. Generally related to location.
  - **ROF**: Risk of asset failure. Computed using the following equation:

$$\text{ROF} = \frac{([\text{LOF}] \times [\text{COF}])}{10}$$

# Agenda

- Project Description
- Challenges and Requirements
- Tool Features
- Technical and Python Highlights
- Future Development



# Challenges and Requirements

- Asset Management Challenges
  - Geoprocessing (location-aware analyses)
  - Efficient and accurate asset scoring, from preliminary through final iterations
  - Summary results and reporting by asset and asset group

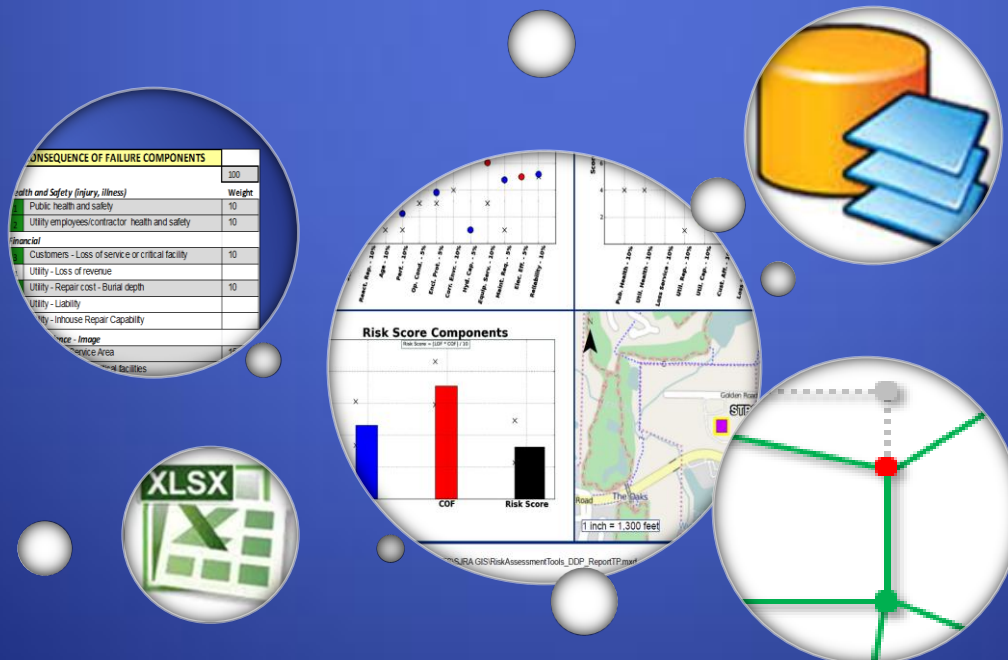


Rank:	
1	SJK Risk Gro
1 of 75	
AssetNum ID:	47
Risk Score:	4.07
OF:	7.7



# Challenges and Requirements

- Tool Requirements
  - Import asset data and custom scoring matrices
  - Geoprocessing (point, polyline features)
  - Database processing and matrix scoring
  - Results and reports

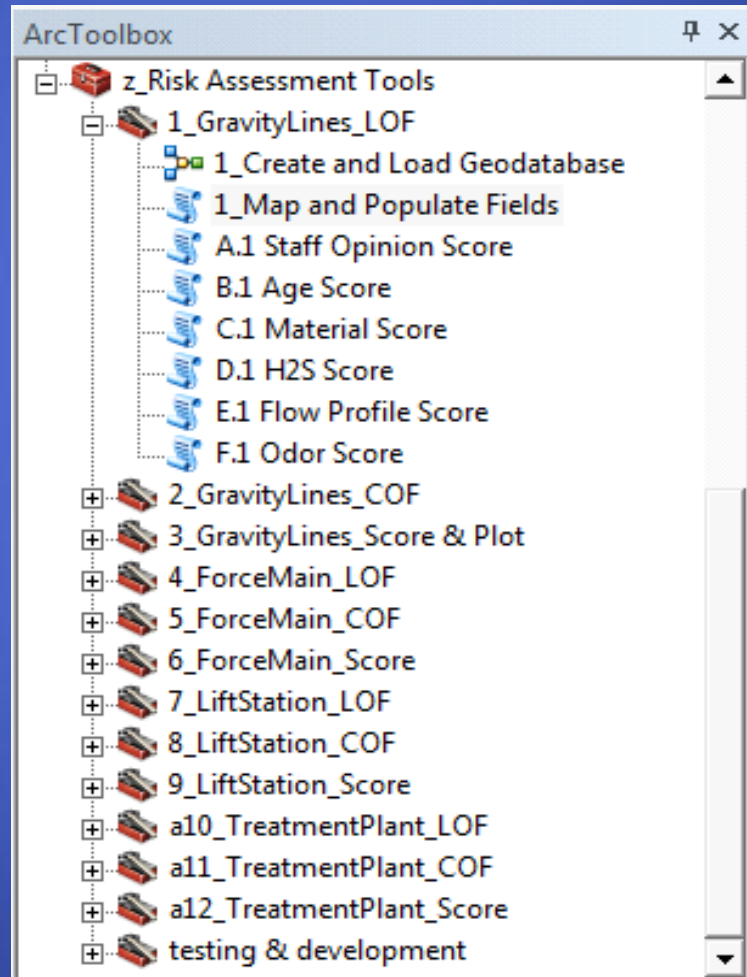


# Agenda

- Project Description
- Challenges and Requirements
- Tool Features
- Technical and Python Highlights
- Future Development

# Tool Features

- Toolbox Layout (4 asset groups)
  - LOF
  - COF
  - Score and Plot



# Tool Features

- Field Mapping to Import Data to Geodatabase



**1\_Map and Populate Fields**

Pipeline Input  
F:\users\share\matt stahl\PROJECTS\SJRA GIS\GIS\RiskAssessment.gdb\SewerMain\_SJRA

Staff opinion  
StaF\_Ases

Age (years)  
Age\_yrs

Material  
Material\_pipe

H2S (ppm)  
H2S\_Data

Flow profile (q/Q)  
FlowProfyl

Diameter (inch)  
NOMINALDIA

Depth (feet)  
Depth

Customer loss  
CustmrLoss

Loss of service  
Loss\_Srvc

Service area, in acres (field)  
SA\_AC

Slope from Model (field)  
SLOPE

**1\_Map and Populate Fields**

Tool creates and populates the fields required for the Gravity Line Liability of Failure (LOF) and Consequence of Failure (COF) calculations. The LOF and COF calculations are then used to compute a Risk Score for each pipe segment. The user must map each field shown to an existing data field in the pipeline feature class. \*NOTE: If data for one of the fields shown is unavailable, the user should create and populate a dummy field with temporary data values, then proceed with the field mapping.

OK Cancel Environments... << Hide Help Tool Help

# Tool Features

## • Custom Scoring Matrices

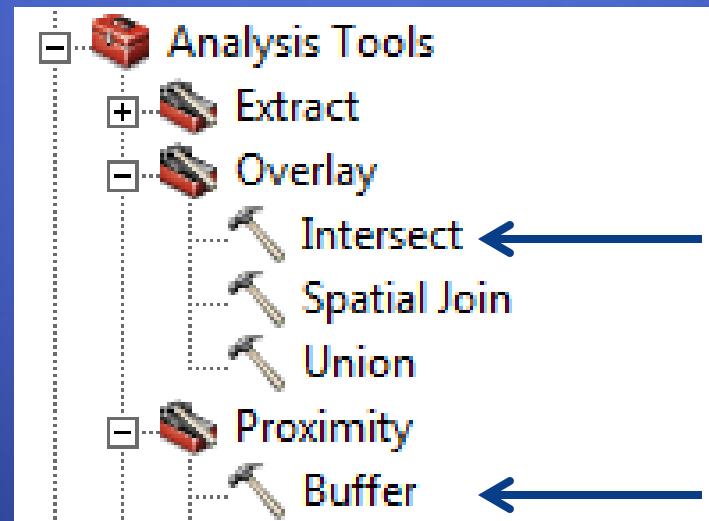
LIKELIHOOD OF FAILURE COMPONENTS					
STRUCTURAL					100
Yes	No	Pipe Properties		Weight	
	N	1	Condition (rating via direct inspection)		
Y		2	Staff opinion of condition	15	
	N	3	Repair history (# / 100 ft / yr)		
	N	4	Time since second most recent repair (yr)		
Y		5	Age (yr)	25	
Y		6	Material	25	
	N	7	Joint Type		
	N	8	No of connections (# /foot)		
	N	9	Installation Contractor		
<b>External Corrosion (Post Processing)</b>					
	N	10	Soil resistivity (ohm-cm)		
	N	11	Soil chemistry - sulfates in soils (%)		
	N	12	Soil Moisture		
	N	13	Stray current		
	N	14	External corrosion protection		
<b>Internal Corrosion</b>					
Y		16	H2S data & Some sulfate data	10	
	N	17	Internal corrosion protection		
<b>External Stresses</b>					
	N	18	Burial depth (ft)		
	N	19	Embedment zone backfill (quality of pipe bedding)		
	N	20	Traffic Load		
<b>Hydraulic</b>					
Y		21	Flow Profile (% full - Hydraulic model)	15	
	N	22	Blockage history (# / 1,000 ft / yr)		
	N	23	Surcharge conditions		
<b>Performance</b>					
Y		24	Odor complaints	10	
	N	25	SSO's (# / 1,000 ft / yr)		
<b>Others</b>					
		26	Accessibility (monitor performance & Condition)		
			Good data available		
			Some data available		
			Little/No data available or data availability unknown		

CONSEQUENCE OF FAILURE COMPONENTS					
					100
Yes	No	Health and Safety (injury, illness)		Weight	
Y		1	Public health and safety	10	
Y		2	Utility employees/contractor health and safety	10	
<b>Financial</b>					
Y		3	Customers - Loss of service or critical facility	10	
	N	4	Utility - Loss of revenue		
Y		5	Utility - Repair cost - Burial depth	10	
	N	6	Utility - Liability		
	N	7	Utility - Inhouse Repair Capability		
<b>Public Confidence - Image</b>					
Y		13	Size of the Service Area	15	
Y		14	Loss of service to critical facilities	15	
	N	15	Traffic Impacts		
	N	16	Probability of Media Coverage		
<b>Infrastructure</b>					
Y		10	Proximity to main roads or railroads	10	
<b>Regulatory/Environmental</b>					
Y		11	Discharge to Sensitive Environments	10	
Y		12	SSO impacts/Permit violation	10	
<b>Other</b>					
	N	13	Burial Depth(in cost of repair)		
	N	14	Access (In cost of repair)		
		15			
		16			
		17			
			Good data available		
			Some data available		
			Little/No data available or data availability unknown		



# Tool Features

- Geospatial Database Processing (points, polylines)
  - The geospatial nature of the risk scoring process made it necessary to perform GIS computations involving LOF and COF components for individual pipe segments as well as lift station and wastewater treatment plant assets.



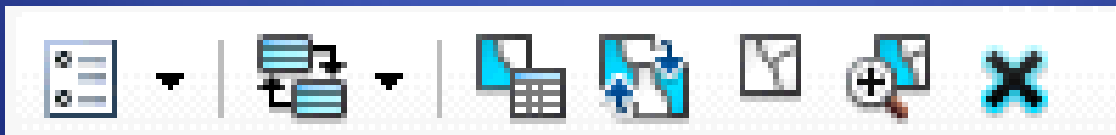
# Tool Features

- Geoprocessing Components
  - Public Health and Safety (intersect of pipeline and land use)
  - Customer Loss of Service (gravity lines downstream of commercial or industrial facilities)
  - Loss of Service to Critical Facilities (gravity lines downstream of critical lift stations)
  - Proximity to Main Roads and Railroads (pipeline proximity to roads and railroads)
  - Discharge to Sensitive Environments (intersect of pipeline and sensitive environments)



# Tool Features

- Data Processing Components
  - Employee Health and Safety (pipeline diameter, burial depth)
  - Cost of Repairs (pipeline diameter, burial depth)
  - Size of Service Area (size of service area, pipeline diameter)
  - Sanitary Sewer Overflows (# reported SSO's, negative pipeline slopes)
  - Matrix Scoring (all tool LOF and COF components)



# Tool Features

- Data Processing Components (continued)

Diameter (in)	Road Class	UtilityRepair Score	Diameter (in)	Road Class	UtilityRepair Score
0 to 6	FREEWAY; FRONTAGE; ACCESS	5	0 to 6	RAILWAY	8
8 to 12		6	8 to 12		8
14 to 18		7	14 to 18		10
20 to 30		8	20 to 30		10
33 to 42		9	33 to 42		10
> 48		10	> 48		10
0 to 6	MAJOR	3	0 to 6	UNKNOWN	4
8 to 12		4	8 to 12		5
14 to 18		5	14 to 18		6
20 to 30		6	20 to 30		7
33 to 42		7	33 to 42		8
> 48		8	> 48		9
0 to 6	LOCAL	2			
8 to 12		2			
14 to 18		3			
20 to 30		4			
33 to 42		5			
> 48		5			

# Tool Features

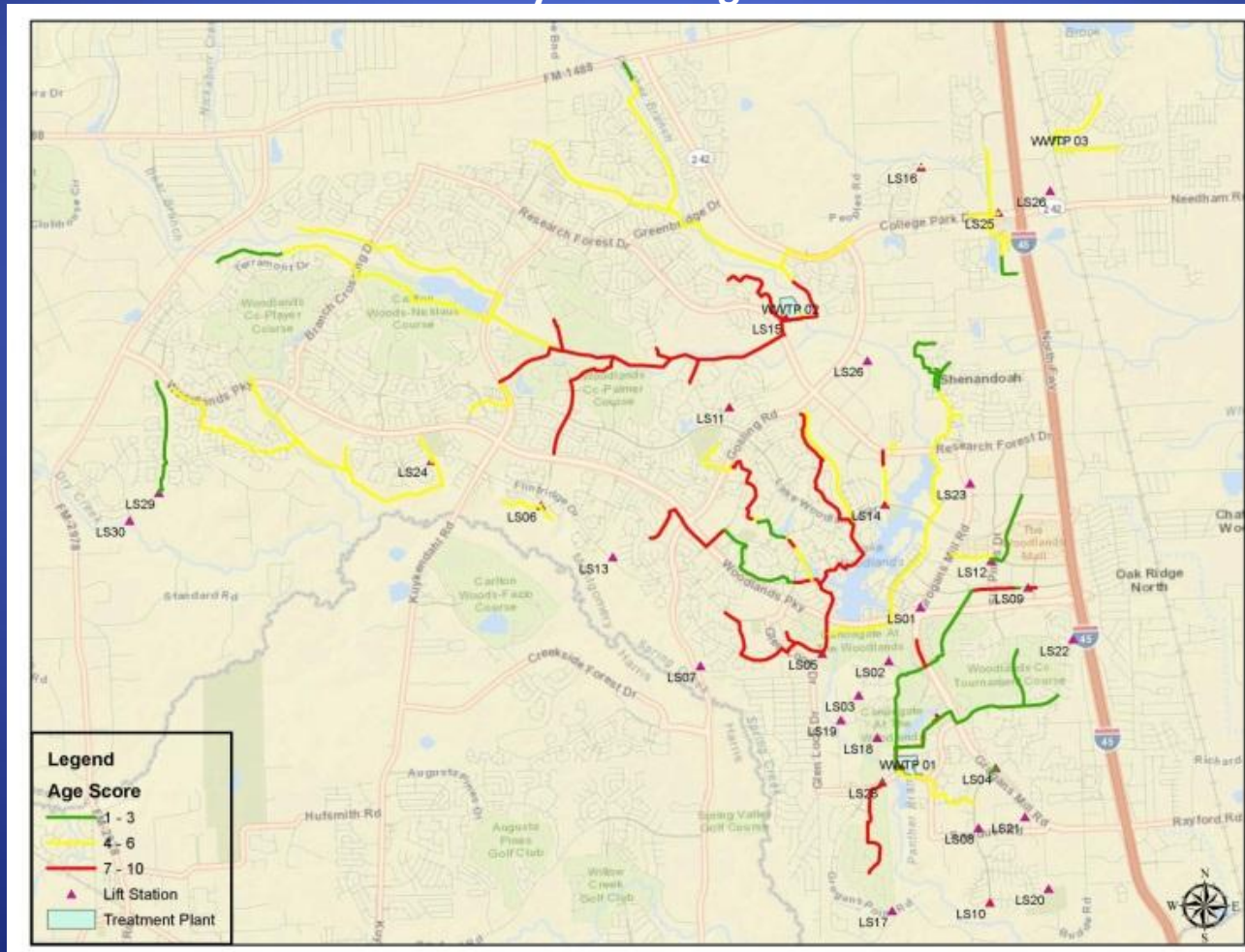
- Results Generation
  - Preliminary iterations of LOF, COF, and Risk scores
  - Matrices and rankings refined through sensitivity review workshops with the Client
  - Final LOF, COF, and Risk scores for each of the 4 asset groups used to rank and prioritize assets for renewal projects
- Results Outputs
  - Map Exhibits (ArcGIS)
  - Summary Reports (Matplotlib)



# Tool Features

- Results Output: Map Exhibits (ArcGIS)

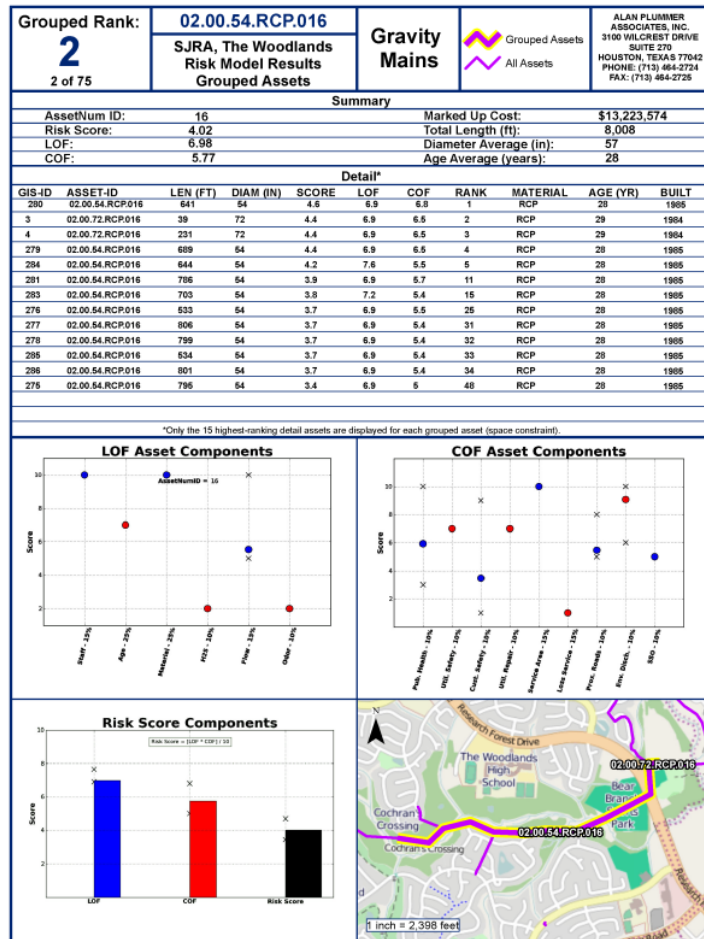
## Gravity Mains Age Score



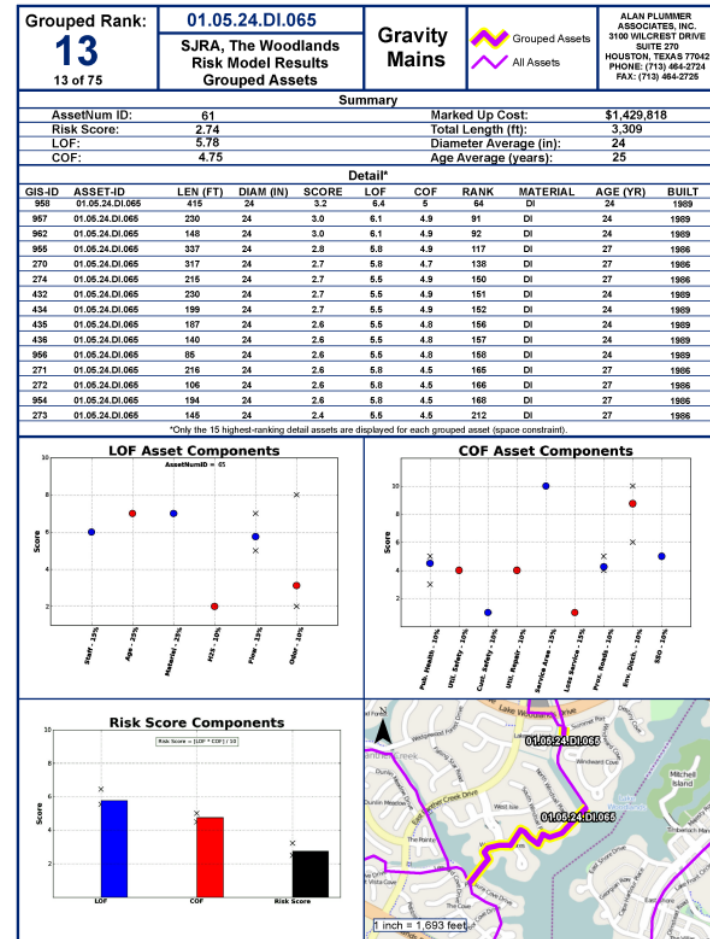


# Tool Features

- Results Output: Reports (Matplotlib, ArcGIS DDP)



Path: F:\users\share\matt stahl\PROJECTS\SJRA GIS\RiskAssessmentTools\_DDP.mxd



Path: F:\users\share\matt stahl\PROJECTS\SJRA GIS\RiskAssessmentTools\_DDP.mxd

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- Project Description
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- Technical and Python Highlights
- Future Development

# Technical and Python Highlights

- Field Mapping

## Define Variables

```
1 #Import modules
2 import arcpy
3
4 #Define variables, these are for data mapping inputs
5 FC = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(0) #feature class - lift station ASSETS
6 P1_fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(1) #parameter source field
7 P2_fld = "StaffOp"
8 P3_fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(2) #parameter source field
9 P4_fld = "RepairsRWO"
```

## Add Fields

```
43 ##A. DATA Fields Generate and Populate - For ASSET Scoring
44 #Add LOF fields to attribute table (for parameter data and score calculation)
45 if 'StaffOp' not in [f.name for f in arcpy.ListFields(FC)]:
46     arcpy.AddField_management(FC, 'StaffOp', 'DOUBLE') #create parameter field
47 if 'StaffOpScore' not in [f.name for f in arcpy.ListFields(FC)]:
48     arcpy.AddField_management(FC, 'StaffOpScore', 'DOUBLE') #create score field
```

## Data Cursor

```
144 #Update fields with existing data, where 1st field (new) set equal to 2nd field (existing)
145 #Parameter 1
146 cur = arcpy.UpdateCursor(FC)
147 for row in cur:
148     row.setValue(P2_fld, row.getValue(P1_fld))
149     cur.updateRow(row)
150 del row, cur
```

# Technical and Python Highlights

- Tool Customization

## Description

2 Road Score, Step1 Properties

General | Source | Parameters | Validation | Help

Name: ProxRoadScoreStep1

Label: M.2 Road Score, Step1

Description: Tool (Step 1) performs a spatial join of a Pipe Network with Roads and Railroads, in preparation for the Proximity to Roads and Railroads Score (Step 2). Lookup values are displayed in the table at left. Edit values in the source script using a Python editor. \*NOTE: the lookup value table shown in the tool interface is not dynamic. The table image should be

Stylesheet: F:\users\share\matt stahl\PROJECTS\SJRA GIS\StyleSheet

☐ Store relative path names (instead of absolute paths)

☒ Always run in foreground

OK Cancel Apply

## Stylesheet (XML)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
version="1.0">
<xsl:output method="html"/>

-----
Variable Definitions
-----

<xsl:variable name="BackgroundColor">buttonface</xsl:variable>
<xsl:variable name="BackgroundImage">url(F:\users\share\matt stahl\PROJECTS\SJRA GIS\sty
<xsl:variable name="BackgroundPosition">center bottom</xsl:variable>
<xsl:variable name="BackgroundRepeat">no-repeat</xsl:variable>

<xsl:variable name="ButtonHeight">20px</xsl:variable>
```

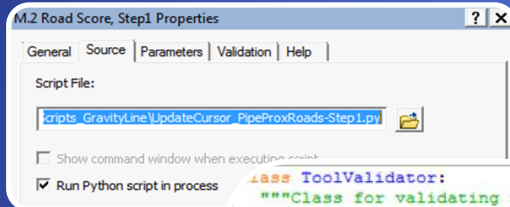
## Custom Graphics

AgeYrs	AgeScore
> 0 – 10	1
> 10 – 20	5
> 20 – 30	7
> 30 – 50	8
> 50	10
<null>	5

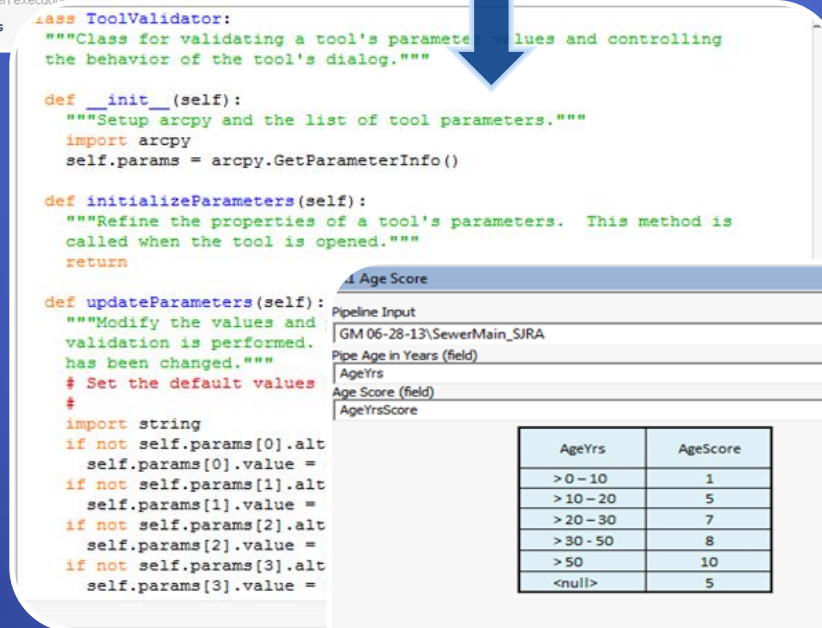
# Technical and Python Highlights

- Tool Customization (continued)

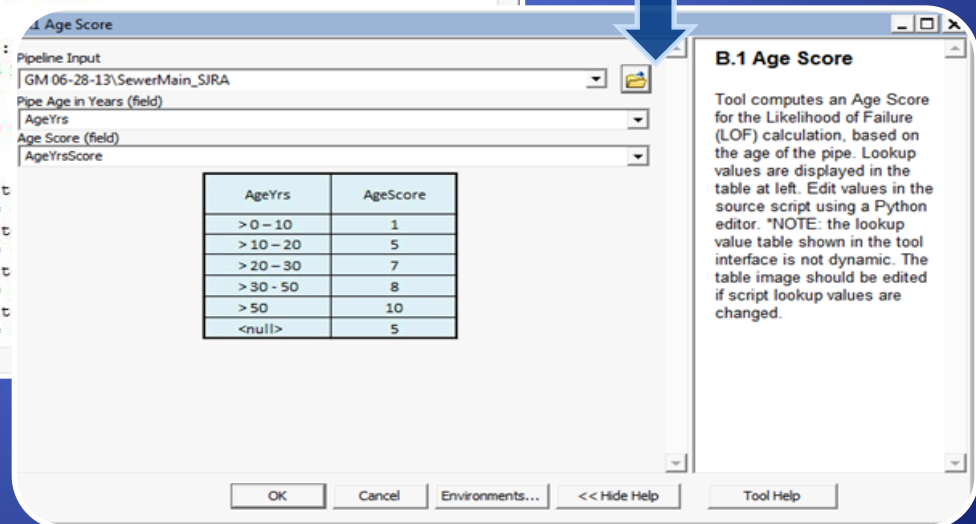
Script  
Source



Tool  
Validator  
class



Custom  
Tool



# Technical and Python Highlights

- Arcpy Cursors – Ex 1: Data Processing (Pipe Age)

Variables

Cursor  
scores  
data

```
#Import modules
import arcpy

#Variables
FC = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(0) #feature class
P_fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(1) #parameter field to score
S_fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(2) #score output field

#Update cursor for parameter
cur = arcpy.UpdateCursor(FC)

#Lookup value Loop
for row in cur:
    if 0 <= row.getValue(P_fld) <= 10:
        val = 1
    elif 10 < row.getValue(P_fld) <= 20:
        val = 5
    elif 20 < row.getValue(P_fld) <= 30:
        val = 7
    elif 30 < row.getValue(P_fld) <= 50:
        val = 8
    elif row.getValue(P_fld) > 50:
        val = 10
    elif row.getValue(P_fld) == 'Unknown':
        val = 5
#Default value
else:
    val = 5
    row.setValue(S_fld, val)
    cur.updateRow(row)

#Delete cursors to avoid schema locks
del row, cur
```

Pipe  
Age  
tool

**B.1 Age Score**

Pipeline Input  
GM 06-28-13\SewerMain\_SJRA

Pipe Age in Years (field)  
AgeYrs

Age Score (field)  
AgeYrsScore

AgeYrs	AgeScore
> 0 – 10	1
> 10 – 20	5
> 20 – 30	7
> 30 - 50	8
> 50	10
<null>	5

**B.1 Age Score**

Tool computes an Age Score for the Likelihood of Failure (LOF) calculation, based on the age of the pipe. Lookup values are displayed in the table at left. Edit values in the source script using a Python editor. \*NOTE: the lookup value table shown in the tool interface is not dynamic. The table image should be edited if script lookup values are changed.

OK Cancel Environments... << Hide Help Tool Help



# Technical and Python Highlights

## Arcpy Cursors – Ex 2: Geoprocessing (Road Prox)

Variables

Layer  
creation

Spatial  
selection  
by roads

Cursor  
assigns  
values

```
#Import modules
import arcpy

#Variables
FC = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(0) #FC
S_fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(1) #score output field
SPATIALSELECT = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(2) #Poly
P_fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(3) #parameter input field
Buffer = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(4) #"100 feet"
## NOTE: WITHIN_A_DISTANCE used instead of INTERSECT as

##Select Category 1 = FREEWAY
#Make a Layer, then select pipes in FREEWAY
arcpy.MakeFeatureLayer_management(SPATIALSELECT, 'SPATIALSELECT')
arcpy.MakeFeatureLayer_management(FC, 'FC_lyr1')
arcpy.SelectLayerByLocation_management('FC_lyr1', 'WITHIN_A_DISTANCE', Buffer)
#Update cursor for parameter
matchcount1 = int(arcpy.GetCount_management('FC_lyr1').get_value(0))
cur = arcpy.UpdateCursor('FC_lyr1')
for row in cur:
    if matchcount1 == 0:
        print('no features matched spatial and attribute')
    else:
        val = 'FREEWAY'
        row.setValue(S_fld, val)
        cur.updateRow(row)
try: del row
except NameError: pass
del cur

##Select Category 2 = FRONTAGE
#Make a Layer, then select pipes in FRONTAGE
```

Pipe Proximity  
to Roads tool

**M.2 Road Score, Step 1**

Tool (Step 1) performs a spatial join of a Pipe Network with Roads and Railroads, in preparation for the Proximity to Roads and Railroads Score (Step 2). Lookup values are displayed in the table at left. Edit values in the source script using a Python editor. \*NOTE: the lookup value table shown in the tool interface is not dynamic. The table image should be edited if script lookup values are changed.

DiamInch	Road_Class	UtilityRepair Score	DiamInch	Road_Class	UtilityRepair Score
0 to 6	FREEWAY; FRONTAGE; ACCESS	5	0 to 6	RAILWAY	8
8 to 12		6	8 to 12		8
14 to 18		7	14 to 18		10
20 to 30		8	20 to 30		10
33 to 42		9	33 to 42		10
> 48		10	> 48		10
0 to 6	MAJOR	3	0 to 6	UNKNOWN	4
8 to 12		4	8 to 12		5
14 to 18		5	14 to 18		6
20 to 30		6	20 to 30		7
33 to 42		7	33 to 42		8
> 48		8	> 48		9
0 to 6	LOCAL	2			
8 to 12		2			
14 to 18		3			
20 to 30		4			
33 to 42		5			
> 48		5			

OK Cancel Environments... << Hide Help Tool Help

# Technical and Python Highlights

- Arcpy Cursors – Ex 3: Calculations (Hydr Capacity)

Variables

Calcs

Cursor  
assigns  
values

```
#Variables
7 FC = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(0) #feature class
8 S fld = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(1) #scoring field
9 option = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(2) #option string, for dropdown menu calculation choic
10 HL1000 = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(3) #HL per 1000 ft
11 HW = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(4) #Hazen Williams coefficient
12
13 #Update cursor: Hazen-Williams capacity (in gpm)
14 if option == "Hazen-Williams":
15     cur = arcpy.UpdateCursor(FC)
16     for row in cur:
17         Chw = float(HW)
18         D = row.getValue('DiamInch')
19         HL = float(HL1000)
20         capacity = 1.318*Chw*(((D/12)/4)**0.63)*((HL/1000)**1.49)
21         row.setValue('qcGPM', int(capacity))
22         cur.updateRow(row)
23     #Delete cursors to avoid schema locks
24     del row, cur
25
26 #Update cursor for scoring
27 cur = arcpy.UpdateCursor(FC)
28
29 #Lookup value loop, for qc(=current capacity) vs Qr(=cu
30 for row in cur:
31     if row.getValue('QrGPM') < row.getValue('qcGPM') > :
32         val = 1
33     elif row.getValue('qcGPM') == row.getValue('QrGPM'):
34         val = 5
35     elif row.getValue('QrGPM') < row.getValue('qcGPM'):
36         val = 7
37     elif row.getValue('qcGPM') < row.getValue('QrGPM'):
38         val = 10
```

Hydraulic  
Capacity  
tool

Logic	qc_Qr_Qf_Score
Qr < qc > Qf	1
qc = Qf	5
Qr < qc < Qf	7
Qr > qc	10
<null>	5

**E.4 Hydraulic Capacity Score**

Tool compares the current capacity (qc) against the current (Qr) and future (Qf) required capacities of the Force Main, then computes a Hydraulic Capacity score for the Likelihood of Failure (LOF) calculation. If existing data is unavailable, the user can use the tool option to calculate the current, full-flowing capacity using the Hazen-Williams equation along with parameters specified by the user (see optional parameters at left). Score lookup values are displayed in the table at left. Edit values in the source script using a Python editor. \*NOTE: the lookup value table shown in the tool interface is not dynamic. The table image should be edited if script lookup values are changed.

OK Cancel Environments... << Hide Help Tool Help

# Technical and Python Highlights

- Risk Calculation

LOF

P.3 Calculate LOF

Pipeline to SSO Join layer (output from tool O. SSO Score, Step 2)

LOF Score (field)

LOF

LOF Weighting (expression)

$$[\text{StaffOpinionScore}] * .15 + [\text{AgeYrsScore}] * .25 + [\text{MaterialScore}] * .25 + [\text{H2SScore}] * .10 + [\text{qbYQScore}] * .15 + [\text{OdorScore}] * .10$$

LOF Parameter	Default Weighting (%)
Staff Opinion [StaffOpinionScore]	15
Age [AgeYrsScore]	25
Material [MaterialScore]	25
H2S [H2SScore]	10
Flow Profile [qbYQScore]	15
Odor Complaint [OdorScore]	10

Tool calculates the composite Likelihood of Failure (LOF) score, based on the component parameter scores that are populated in the Pipeline layer attribute table using Risk Tools A through F. Weightings can be adjusted using the variable expression.

COF

Q.3 Calculate COF

Pipeline to SSO Join layer (output from tool O. SSO Score, Step 2)

COF Score (field)

COF

COF Weighting (expression)

$$[\text{PublicHealthScore}] * .10 + [\text{UtilitySafetyScore}] * .10 + [\text{CustomerLossScore}] * .05 + [\text{UtilityRepairScore}] * .10 + [\text{ServiceAreaScore}] * .10$$

COF Parameter	Default Weighting (%)
Public Health [PublicHealthScore]	10
Utility Repair Safety [UtilitySafetyScore]	10
Customer Loss [CustomerLossScore]	10
Utility Repair [UtilityRepairScore]	10
Service Area [ServiceAreaScore]	15
Loss of Service [LossServiceScore]	15
Proximity To Road [ProxRoadScore]	10
Discharge To Sensitive Environment [DischargeEnvScore]	10
Sanitary Sewer Overflow [SSOScore]	10

Tool calculates the composite Consequence of Failure (COF) score, based on the component parameter scores that are populated in the Pipeline layer attribute table using Risk Tools G through O. Weightings can be adjusted using the variable expression.

Risk Score

R.3 Calculate Risk Score

Pipeline to SSO Join layer (output from tool O. SSO Score, Step 2)

Risk formula

$$([\text{LOF}] * [\text{COF}]) / 10$$

Symbology template (.lyr)

F:\Users\share\matt.stahl\PROJECTS\53RA GIS\StyleSheets\_GravityLine\SewerMain.lyr

Table of Contents

Layers

- SewerMain
- RiskRank
- 1 - 15
- 16 - 30
- 31 - 40
- 41 - 50
- 51 - 2738

Tool generates a Risk Score and Rank for each pipe segment, based on the Likelihood of Failure (LOF) and Consequence of Failure (COF) scores. The LOF and COF composite scores are calculated in the Pipeline layer attribute table using Risk Tools A through O. (THIS TOOL MAY TAKE SEVERAL MINUTES TO RUN TO COMPLETION.)

# Technical and Python Highlights

- Summary Reports (Matplotlib, ArcGIS DDP)

## Report/Plot Tools

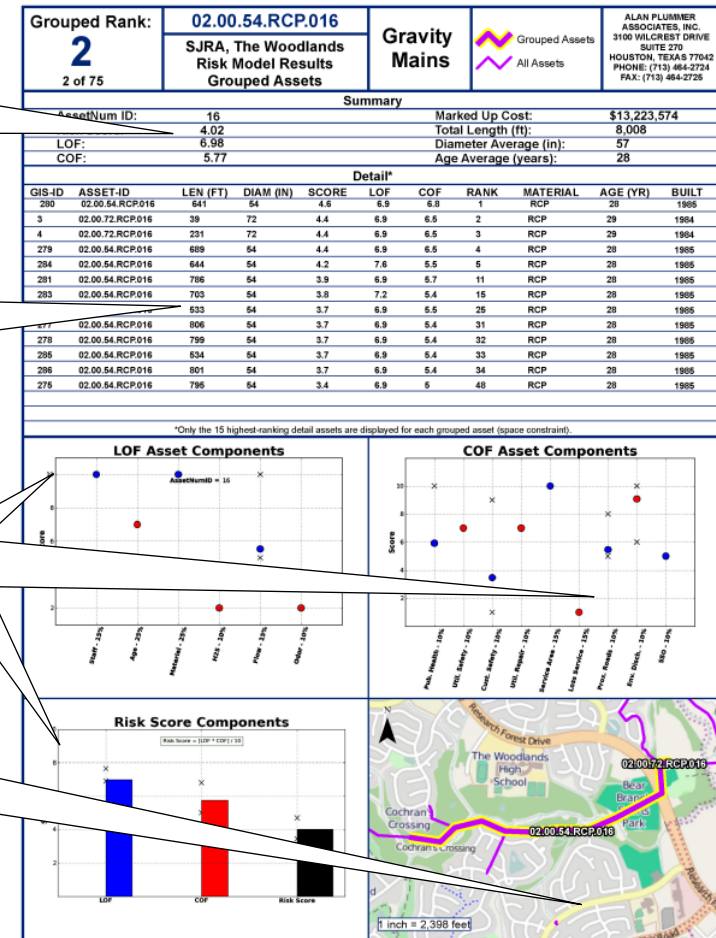
3\_GravityLines\_Score & Plot  
P.3 Calculate LOF  
Q.3 Calculate COF  
R.3 Calculate Risk Score  
S.3 Summary - Group Assets  
T.3 Summary - Group Rank  
U.3 Summary - Plot LOF  
V.3 Summary - Plot COF  
W.3 Summary - Plot Score  
X.3 Summary - Plot Rank  
Y.3 Summary - Index Assets  
Z.3 Summary - DDP Select

Summary Statistics  
(ArcGIS table)

Individual Values  
(ArcGIS table)

Summary Plots  
(Matplotlib jpegs via  
Raster Catalog)

Locator Map  
(ArcGIS DDP)



# Agenda

- Project Description
- Challenges and Requirements
- Tool Features
- Technical and Python Highlights
- Future Development



- [illegible]



# Questions?

- Useful References

- ESRI.com
- Python.org
- Matplotlib.org
- Stackoverflow.com

- Contact Information

Matt Stahl

[mstahl@apaienv.com](mailto:mstahl@apaienv.com)

Alan Plummer Associates, Inc.